

20148 SNOWMOBIL MOTOROIL 0W-40 1L

Liqui Moly GmbH

Chemwatch: **63-3960** Version No: **3.1.1.1**

Safety Data Sheet according to OSHA HazCom Standard (2012) requirements

Chemwatch Hazard Alert Code: 1

Issue Date: **25/11/2016**Print Date: **28/11/2016**S.GHS.USA.EN

SECTION 1 IDENTIFICATION

Product Identifier

Product name	20148 SNOWMOBIL MOTOROIL 0W-40 1L
Synonyms	Not Available
Other means of identification	Not Available

Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use

Relevant identified uses

Motor Oil.

Name, address, and telephone number of the chemical manufacturer, importer, or other responsible party

Registered company name	Liqui Moly GmbH
Address	Jerg-Wieland-Strasse 4 Ulm D-89081 Germany
Telephone	+49 731 1420 0
Fax	+49 731 1420 82
Website	Not Available
Email	Not Available

Emergency phone number

Association / Organisation	INFOTRAC
Emergency telephone numbers	+1800 535 5053 (US & Canada)
Other emergency telephone numbers	+1 352 323 3500 (International)

SECTION 2 HAZARD(S) IDENTIFICATION

Classification of the substance or mixture

CHEMWATCH HAZARD RATINGS

	Min	Max
Flammability	1	
Toxicity	0	
Body Contact	0	
Reactivity	1	
Chronic	0	



Note: The hazard category numbers found in GHS classification in section 2 of this SDSs are NOT to be used to fill in the NFPA 704 diamond. Blue = Health Red = Fire Yellow = Reactivity White = Special (Oxidizer or water reactive substances)

Classification	Not Applicable	
Label elements		
GHS label elements	Not Applicable	
SIGNAL WORD	NOT APPLICABLE	

Hazard statement(s)

Not Applicable

Hazard(s) not otherwise specified

Not Applicable

Precautionary statement(s) Prevention

Not Applicable

Precautionary statement(s) Response

Not Applicable

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Precautionary statement(s) Storage

Not Applicable

Precautionary statement(s) Disposal

Not Applicable

SECTION 3 COMPOSITION / INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Substances

See section below for composition of Mixtures

Mixtures

CAS No	%[weight]	Name
157707-86-3	20-40	1-decene, trimers, hydrogenated
90480-91-4	1-<5	calcium alkyl phenate sulfide
147880-09-9	1-5	polyolefin polyamine succinimide
68784-31-6	1-<2.5	zinc bis(sec-butyl and 1,3-dimethylbutyl) dithiophosphate

SECTION 4 FIRST-AID MEASURES

Description of first aid measures

Eye Contact	If this product comes in contact with eyes: • Wash out immediately with water. • If irritation continues, seek medical attention. • Removal of contact lenses after an eye injury should only be undertaken by skilled personnel.
Skin Contact	If skin or hair contact occurs: ▶ Flush skin and hair with running water (and soap if available). ▶ Seek medical attention in event of irritation.
Inhalation	 If furnes, aerosols or combustion products are inhaled remove from contaminated area. Other measures are usually unnecessary.
Ingestion	 If spontaneous vomiting appears imminent or occurs, hold patient's head down, lower than their hips to help avoid possible aspiration of vomitus. If swallowed do NOT induce vomiting. If vomiting occurs, lean patient forward or place on left side (head-down position, if possible) to maintain open airway and prevent aspiration. Observe the patient carefully. Never give liquid to a person showing signs of being sleepy or with reduced awareness; i.e. becoming unconscious. Give water to rinse out mouth, then provide liquid slowly and as much as casualty can comfortably drink. Seek medical advice. Avoid giving milk or oils. Avoid giving alcohol.

Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

See Section 11

Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Treat symptomatically.

SECTION 5 FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

Extinguishing media

- ► Foam.
- ► Dry chemical powder.
- ▶ BCF (where regulations permit).
- Carbon dioxide.

Special hazards arising from the substrate or mixture

Fire Incompatibility

▶ Avoid contamination with oxidising agents i.e. nitrates, oxidising acids, chlorine bleaches, pool chlorine etc. as ignition may result

Special protective equipment and precautions for fire-fighters

▶ Alert Fire Brigade and tell them location and nature of hazard. Wear full body protective clothing with breathing apparatus. Fire Fighting Prevent, by any means available, spillage from entering drains or water course. ▶ Use water delivered as a fine spray to control fire and cool adjacent area. Combustible. Slight fire hazard when exposed to heat or flame. Heating may cause expansion or decomposition leading to violent rupture of containers. Fire/Explosion Hazard ► On combustion, may emit toxic fumes of carbon monoxide (CO). Combustion products include: carbon dioxide (CO2) other pyrolysis products typical of burning organic material.

SECTION 6 ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

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Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

See section 8

Environmental precautions

See section 12

Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Minor Spills	 Remove all ignition sources. Clean up all spills immediately. Avoid breathing vapours and contact with skin and eyes. Control personal contact with the substance, by using protective equipment.
Major Spills	Moderate hazard. ► Clear area of personnel and move upwind. ► Alert Fire Brigade and tell them location and nature of hazard. ► Wear breathing apparatus plus protective gloves.

Personal Protective Equipment advice is contained in Section 8 of the SDS.

SECTION 7 HANDLING AND STORAGE

Precautions for safe handling

Safe handling	 Avoid all personal contact, including inhalation. Wear protective clothing when risk of exposure occurs. Use in a well-ventilated area. Prevent concentration in hollows and sumps.
Other information	 Store in original containers. Keep containers securely sealed. No smoking, naked lights or ignition sources. Store in a cool, dry, well-ventilated area.

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

 ▶ Metal can or drum ▶ Packaging as recommended by manufacturer. ▶ Check all containers are clearly labelled and free from leaks. 	
Storage incompatibility	Avoid contamination of water, foodstuffs, feed or seed. • Avoid reaction with oxidising agents

SECTION 8 EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION

Control parameters

OCCUPATIONAL EXPOSURE LIMITS (OEL)

INGREDIENT DATA

Not Available

EMERGENCY LIMITS

Ingredient	Material name	TEEL-1	TEEL-2	TEEL-3
20148 SNOWMOBIL MOTOROIL 0W-40 1L	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available
Ingredient	Original IDLH		Revised IDLH	
1-decene, trimers, hydrogenated	Not Available		Not Available	
calcium alkyl phenate sulfide	Not Available		Not Available	
polyolefin polyamine succinimide	Not Available		Not Available	
zinc bis(sec-butyl and 1,3-dimethylbutyl) dithiophosphate	Not Available		Not Available	

Exposure controls

Appropriate engineering controls

Engineering controls are used to remove a hazard or place a barrier between the worker and the hazard. Well-designed engineering controls can be highly effective in protecting workers and will typically be independent of worker interactions to provide this high level of protection.

The basic types of engineering controls are:

Process controls which involve changing the way a job activity or process is done to reduce the risk.

Enclosure and/or isolation of emission source which keeps a selected hazard "physically" away from the worker and ventilation that strategically "adds" and "removes" air in the work environment.

Personal protection









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Eye and face protection	 Safety glasses with side shields Chemical goggles. Contact lenses may pose a special hazard; soft contact lenses may absorb and concentrate irritants. A written policy document, describing the wearing of lenses or restrictions on use, should be created for each workplace or task. This should include a review of lens absorption and adsorption for the class of chemicals in use and an account of injury experience.
Skin protection	See Hand protection below
Hands/feet protection	Wear general protective gloves, eg. light weight rubber gloves. The selection of suitable gloves does not only depend on the material, but also on further marks of quality which vary from manufacturer to manufacturer. Where the chemical is a preparation of several substances, the resistance of the glove material can not be calculated in advance and has therefore to be checked prior to the application. The exact break through time for substances has to be obtained from the manufacturer of the protective gloves and has to be observed when making a final choice. Personal hygiene is a key element of effective hand care.
Body protection	See Other protection below
Other protection	No special equipment needed when handling small quantities. OTHERWISE: ► Overalls. ► Barrier cream. ► Eyewash unit.
Thermal hazards	Not Available

Respiratory protection

Type A Filter of sufficient capacity. (AS/NZS 1716 & 1715, EN 143:2000 & 149:2001, ANSI Z88 or national equivalent)

Where the concentration of gas/particulates in the breathing zone, approaches or exceeds the "Exposure Standard" (or ES), respiratory protection is required. Degree of protection varies with both face-piece and Class of filter; the nature of protection varies with Type of filter.

Required Minimum Protection Factor	Half-Face Respirator	Full-Face Respirator	Powered Air Respirator
up to 10 x ES	A-AUS	-	A-PAPR-AUS / Class 1
up to 50 x ES	-	A-AUS / Class 1	-
up to 100 x ES	-	A-2	A-PAPR-2 ^

^ - Full-face

A(All classes) = Organic vapours, B AUS or B1 = Acid gasses, B2 = Acid gas or hydrogen cyanide(HCN), B3 = Acid gas or hydrogen cyanide(HCN), E = Sulfur dioxide(SO2), G = Agricultural chemicals, K = Ammonia(NH3), Hg = Mercury, NO = Oxides of nitrogen, MB = Methyl bromide, AX = Low boiling point organic compounds(below 65 degC)

Cartridge respirators should never be used for emergency ingress or in areas of unknown vapour concentrations or oxygen content. The wearer must be warned to leave the contaminated area immediately on detecting any odours through the respirator. The odour may indicate that the mask is not functioning properly, that the vapour concentration is too high, or that the mask is not properly fitted. Because of these limitations, only restricted use of cartridge respirators is considered appropriate.

SECTION 9 PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance	Appearance Brown colour liquid with characteristic odour; not miscible with water.		
Appearance	Brown colour liquid with characteristic odour, not miscible with	ii water.	
Physical state	Liquid	Relative density (Water = 1)	0.86
Odour	Not Available	Partition coefficient n-octanol / water	Not Available
Odour threshold	Not Available	Auto-ignition temperature (°C)	Not Available
pH (as supplied)	Not Applicable	Decomposition temperature	Not Available
Melting point / freezing point (°C)	Not Available	Viscosity (cSt)	78
Initial boiling point and boiling range (°C)	Not Available	Molecular weight (g/mol)	Not Applicable
Flash point (°C)	240	Taste	Not Available
Evaporation rate	Not Available	Explosive properties	Not Available
Flammability	Not Applicable	Oxidising properties	Not Available
Upper Explosive Limit (%)	Not Available	Surface Tension (dyn/cm or mN/m)	Not Available
Lower Explosive Limit (%)	Not Available	Volatile Component (%vol)	Not Available
Vapour pressure (kPa)	Not Available	Gas group	Not Available
Solubility in water (g/L)	Immiscible	pH as a solution (1%)	Not Available
Vapour density (Air = 1)	Not Available	VOC g/L	Not Available

SECTION 10 STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Reactivity	See section 7
Chemical stability	Product is considered stable and hazardous polymerisation will not occur.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	See section 7

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Conditions to avoid	See section 7
Incompatible materials	See section 7
Hazardous decomposition products	See section 5

SECTION 11 TOXICOLOG	ICAL INFORMATION		
Information on toxicological	al effects		
Inhaled	Inhalation of vapours may cause drowsiness and dizziness. This may be accompanied by sleepiness, reduced alertness, loss of reflexes, lack of co-ordination, and vertigo. Inhalation of high concentrations of gas/vapour causes lung irritation with coughing and nausea, central nervous depression with headache and dizziness, slowing of reflexes, fatigue and inco-ordination. Central nervous system (CNS) depression may include general discomfort, symptoms of giddiness, headache, dizziness, nausea, anaesthetic effects, slowed reaction time, slurred speech and may progress to unconsciousness. Serious poisonings may result in respiratory depression and may be fatal.		
Ingestion	The material has NOT been classified by EC Directives or oth animal or human evidence.	ner classification systems as "harmi	ful by ingestion". This is because of the lack of corroborating
Skin Contact	The liquid may be miscible with fats or oils and may degrease the skin, producing a skin reaction described as non-allergic contact dermatitis. The material is unlikely to produce an irritant dermatitis as described in EC Directives. Open cuts, abraded or irritated skin should not be exposed to this material Entry into the blood-stream, through, for example, cuts, abrasions or lesions, may produce systemic injury with harmful effects. Examine the skin prior to the use of the material and ensure that any external damage is suitably protected.		
Eye	Although the liquid is not thought to be an irritant (as classified by tearing or conjunctival redness (as with windburn).	by EC Directives), direct contact v	vith the eye may produce transient discomfort characterised
Chronic	Long-term exposure to the product is not thought to produce onevertheless exposure by all routes should be minimised as a		(as classified by EC Directives using animal models);
20148 SNOWMOBIL	TOXICITY	IRRITATION	
MOTOROIL 0W-40 1L	Not Available	Not Available	
	TOXICITY	IRRITATION	
	dermal (rat) LD50: >2000 mg/kg ^[1]	Not Available	
1-decene, trimers,	Inhalation (rat) LC50: 0.9 mg/l/4hr ^[1]		
hydrogenated	Inhalation (rat) LC50: 1.4 mg/l/4hr ^[1]		
	Oral (rat) LD50: >2000 mg/kg ^[1]		
calcium alkyl phenate	TOXICITY	IRRITATION	
sulfide	Not Available	Not Available	
polyolefin polyamine	TOXICITY	IRRITATION	
succinimide	Not Available	Not Available	
zinc bis(sec-butyl and	TOXICITY	IRRITATION	
1,3-dimethylbutyl)	Dermal (rabbit) LD50: >5000 mg/kg ^[1]	Not Available	
dithiophosphate	Oral (rat) LD50: 2750 mg/kg ^[1]		
Legend:	Value obtained from Europe ECHA Registered Substances extracted from RTECS - Register of Toxic Effect of chemical S		from manufacturer's SDS. Unless otherwise specified data
	<u> </u>		
ZINC BIS(SEC-BUTYL AND 1,3-DIMETHYLBUTYL) DITHIOPHOSPHATE	The material may produce severe irritation to the eye causing a conjunctivitis. Dithiophosphate alkyl esters is corrosive and toxic to the tissue and gastrointestinal irritation, lethargy, reduced food intake, st inco-ordination and salivation. Toxicity is reduced following inhand genetic toxicity on experimental animals, but no substantive	es on skin or oral exposure depending about the nose and eye; occalation (due to vapour pressure and	ng on its concentration. Symptoms included diarrhoea, skin asionally, there was drooping of the eyelid, hair standing up, I high viscosity). It may produce reproductive, developmental
1-DECENE, TRIMERS, HYDROGENATED & CALCIUM ALKYL PHENATE SULFIDE & POLYOLEFIN POLYAMINE SUCCINIMIDE & ZINC BIS(SEC-BUTYL AND 1,3-DIMETHYLBUTYL) DITHIOPHOSPHATE	No significant acute toxicological data identified in literature search.		
Acute Toxicity	0	Carcinogenicity	0
Skin Irritation/Corrosion	0	Reproductivity	0
Serious Eye Damage/Irritation	0	STOT - Single Exposure	0

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N - Data Not Available to make classification

Respiratory or Skin sensitisation	\circ	STOT - Repeated Exposure	0
Mutagenicity	0	Aspiration Hazard	0
			Data available but does not fill the criteria for classification Data required to make classification available.

SECTION 12 ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Toxicity

Ingredient	Endpoint	Test Duration (hr)	Species	Value	Source
1-decene, trimers, hydrogenated	LC50	96	Fish	0.00297mg/L	3
Legend:	Extracted from 1. IUCLID Toxicity Data 2. Europe ECHA Registered Substances - Ecotoxicological Information - Aquatic Toxicity 3. EPIWIN Suite V3.12 - Aquatic Toxicity Data (Estimated) 4. US EPA, Ecotox database - Aquatic Toxicity Data 5. ECETOC Aquatic Hazard Assessment Data 6. NITE (Japan) - Bioconcentration Data 7. METI (Japan) - Bioconcentration Data 8. Vendor Data				

DO NOT discharge into sewer or waterways.

Persistence and degradability

Ingredient	Persistence: Water/Soil	Persistence: Air
1-decene, trimers, hydrogenated	LOW	LOW

Bioaccumulative potential

Ingredient	Bioaccumulation
1-decene, trimers, hydrogenated	LOW (LogKOW = 15.0744)

Mobility in soil

Ingredient	Mobility
1-decene, trimers, hydrogenated	LOW (KOC = 357700000)

SECTION 13 DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Waste treatment methods

- ▶ DO NOT allow wash water from cleaning or process equipment to enter drains.
- ▶ It may be necessary to collect all wash water for treatment before disposal.
- ▶ In all cases disposal to sewer may be subject to local laws and regulations and these should be considered first.
- Product / Packaging ▶ Where in doubt contact the responsible authority. disposal
 - Recycle wherever possible or consult manufacturer for recycling options.
 - Consult State Land Waste Authority for disposal.
 - Bury or incinerate residue at an approved site.
 - ▶ Recycle containers if possible, or dispose of in an authorised landfill.

SECTION 14 TRANSPORT INFORMATION

Labels Required

Marine Pollutant

Land transport (DOT): NOT REGULATED FOR TRANSPORT OF DANGEROUS GOODS

Air transport (ICAO-IATA / DGR): NOT REGULATED FOR TRANSPORT OF DANGEROUS GOODS

Sea transport (IMDG-Code / GGVSee): NOT REGULATED FOR TRANSPORT OF DANGEROUS GOODS

Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL and the IBC code

Not Applicable

SECTION 15 REGULATORY INFORMATION

Safety, health and environmental regulations / legislation specific for the substance or mixture

1-DECENE, TRIMERS, HYDROGENATED(157707-86-3) IS FOUND ON THE FOLLOWING REGULATORY LISTS

US Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) - Chemical Substance Inventory

CALCIUM ALKYL PHENATE SULFIDE(90480-91-4) IS FOUND ON THE FOLLOWING REGULATORY LISTS

Not Applicable

POLYOLEFIN POLYAMINE SUCCINIMIDE(147880-09-9) IS FOUND ON THE FOLLOWING REGULATORY LISTS

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Not Applicable

ZINC BIS(SEC-BUTYL AND 1,3-DIMETHYLBUTYL) DITHIOPHOSPHATE(68784-31-6) IS FOUND ON THE FOLLOWING REGULATORY LISTS

US - Vermont Permissible Exposure Limits Table Z-1-A Transitional Limits for Air US EPCRA Section 313 Chemical List

Contaminants

US Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) - Chemical Substance Inventory

US EPA Carcinogens Listing

Federal Regulations

Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 (SARA)

SECTION 311/312 HAZARD CATEGORIES

Immediate (acute) health hazard	No
Delayed (chronic) health hazard	No
Fire hazard	No
Pressure hazard	No
Reactivity hazard	No

US. EPA CERCLA HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCES AND REPORTABLE QUANTITIES (40 CFR 302.4)

None Reported

State Regulations

US. CALIFORNIA PROPOSITION 65

None Reported

National Inventory	Status
Australia - AICS	N (calcium alkyl phenate sulfide; polyolefin polyamine succinimide; 1-decene, trimers, hydrogenated)
Canada - DSL	N (calcium alkyl phenate sulfide; polyolefin polyamine succinimide; 1-decene, trimers, hydrogenated)
Canada - NDSL	N (calcium alkyl phenate sulfide; polyolefin polyamine succinimide; zinc bis(sec-butyl and 1,3-dimethylbutyl) dithiophosphate)
China - IECSC	N (calcium alkyl phenate sulfide)
Europe - EINEC / ELINCS / NLP	N (polyolefin polyamine succinimide)
Japan - ENCS	N (polyolefin polyamine succinimide; 1-decene, trimers, hydrogenated)
Korea - KECI	N (calcium alkyl phenate sulfide; zinc bis(sec-butyl and 1,3-dimethylbutyl) dithiophosphate)
New Zealand - NZIoC	N (calcium alkyl phenate sulfide)
Philippines - PICCS	N (calcium alkyl phenate sulfide; 1-decene, trimers, hydrogenated)
USA - TSCA	N (calcium alkyl phenate sulfide; polyolefin polyamine succinimide)
Legend:	Y = All ingredients are on the inventory N = Not determined or one or more ingredients are not on the inventory and are not exempt from listing(see specific ingredients in brackets)

SECTION 16 OTHER INFORMATION

Other information

Ingredients with multiple cas numbers

Name	CAS No
1-decene, trimers, hydrogenated	157707-86-3, 638-68-6

Classification of the preparation and its individual components has drawn on official and authoritative sources as well as independent review by the Chemwatch Classification committee using available literature references.

A list of reference resources used to assist the committee may be found at:

www.chemwatch.net

The SDS is a Hazard Communication tool and should be used to assist in the Risk Assessment. Many factors determine whether the reported Hazards are Risks in the workplace or other settings. Risks may be determined by reference to Exposures Scenarios. Scale of use, frequency of use and current or available engineering controls must be considered.

Definitions and abbreviations

 ${\sf PC-TWA: Permissible \ Concentration-Time \ Weighted \ Average}$

PC-STEL: Permissible Concentration-Short Term Exposure Limit

IARC: International Agency for Research on Cancer

ACGIH: American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists

STEL: Short Term Exposure Limit

TEEL: Temporary Emergency Exposure Limit $_{\! \circ}$

IDLH: Immediately Dangerous to Life or Health Concentrations

OSF: Odour Safety Factor

NOAEL :No Observed Adverse Effect Level

LOAEL: Lowest Observed Adverse Effect Level

TLV: Threshold Limit Value

LOD: Limit Of Detection

OTV: Odour Threshold Value

BCF: BioConcentration Factors BEI: Biological Exposure Index

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