

# **Safety Data Sheet**

### **Section 1. Identification**

Product Identifier: Cable Life
Product Use: Lubricant
Manufacturer: ProtectAll

7101 Jackson Road Ann Arbor, MI 48103

Emergency Numbers: (734) 769-6000

(800) 424-9300 (CHEMTREC - 24 hours)

### Section 2. Hazards Identification

Classification: Flammable aerosol - Category 2 Liquified gas

 $\Diamond$ 

Hazard Pictograms:

Signal Word: DANGER

Hazard Statements: Flammable aerosol. Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated.

**Precautionary Statements:** 

Prevention Keep away from heat, sparks, open flames and hot surfaces. -No smoking. Do not spray

on an open flame or other ignition sources. Do not pierce or burn, even after use.

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Disposal Protect from sunlight. Do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50°C/122°F. Store in well-

ventilated place.

# Section 3. Composition/Information on Ingredients

Mixture of the following ingredients with non hazardous additions.

Ingredient Name	Wt%	CAS Number
Petroleum gases, liquefied,	24.50	68476-86-8
sweetened		

# **Section 4. First Aid Measures**

### First Aid Measures

Inhalation: If irritation develops, move to fresh air. Get medical attention if irritation persists.

Skin Contact: Wash off with soap and water. Wash clothes before reuse. Get medical attention if

irritation develops and persists.

Eye Contact: Irrigate eyes for a minimum of 15 minutes. Get medical attention if irritation develops and

persists.

Ingestion: Do not induce vomiting. Drink large amounts of water. Contact a physician.

Potential Acute Health Effects

Inhalation: May produce anesthetic effects and feeling of euphoria.

Skin Contact: Not a skin irritant.

Eye Contact: May cause eye irritation.

Ingestion: Propellant is an aspiration hazard.

Potential Over-Exposure Symptoms

Inhalation: Prolonged overexposure can cause rapid breathing, headache, dizziness, narcosis and

unconsciousness, depending on concentration and time of exposure.

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Skin Contact: Not a skin irritant.

Eye Contact: May cause eye irritation.

Ingestion: Ingestion of propellant may cause pulmonary injury.

### Section 5. Fire-Fighting Measures

Extinguishing Media: Foam, water mist, dry chemical, or carbon dioxide

Specific hazards arising from the chemical: Contents under pressure. Pressurized container may explode

when exposed to heat or flame.

Hazardous thermal decomposition products: Carbon monoxide, oxides of nitrogen, and sulfur.

Special protective actions for fire-fighters:

None
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters:

None

### Section 6. Accidental Release Measures

#### Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Wear appropriate personal clothing. Eliminate sources of ignition. Avoid inhalation and ventilate area. Absorb with non-combustible material and place in closed containers for disposal. Mop area with high pH cleaner and repeat with plenty of clean, cold water.

### Method and materials for containment and clean up

Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dispose of in accordance with federal, state, and local regulations. Avoid release into the environment.

# Section 7. Handling and Storage

Precautions for safe handling: Pressurized container: Do not pierce or burn, even after use. Do not use if spray button is

missing or defective. Do not spray on a naked flame or any other incandescent material. Do not smoke while using or until sprayed surface is thoroughly dry. Do not cut, weld, solder, drill, grind, or expose containers to heat, flame, sparks, or other sources of ignition. All equipment used when handling the product must be grounded. Use only in well-ventilated

areas. Observe good industrial hygiene practices. Do not empty into drains.

Conditions for safe storage: Pressurized container. Protect from sunlight and do not expose to temperatures exceeding

 $50^{\circ}\text{C}/122~^{\circ}\text{F}$ . Do not puncture, incinerate or crush. Do not handle or store near an open flame, heat or other sources of ignition. This material can accumulate static charge which

may cause spark and become an ignition source.

# Section 8. Exposure Control/Personal Protection

# Occupational Exposure Limits

Distillates (petroleum), Hydrotetreated Heavy Naphthenic ACGIH-TLV: 5 mg/m³ (As oil mist)

### **Appropriate Engineering Controls**

Maintain adequate ventilation. Use local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits.

#### Personal Protection

Respiratory Protection: Not required for properly ventilated areas

Skin Protection: Rubber gloves

Eye/Face Protection: Safety glasses or goggles

Hygiene Measures: Wash hands thoroughly after handling especially before eating, drinking and smoking.

Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. Have eyewash and safety shower available.

### Section 9. Physical and Chemical Properties

Physical State: Aerosol Upper/Lower Explosive Limits: 1.8 Vol %/9.5 Vol %

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Color: Straw colored Vapor Pressure: 23 hPa (17 mmHg)

Odor: Petroleum Vapor Density: 4

Odor Threshold: Not available Specific Gravity: 0.89

pH (of liquid) Not available Bulk Density: Not applicable

Melting Point (of liquid): -30°F Solubility: Not soluble

Freezing Point: Not available Partition coefficient

n-octanol/water: ≥5.7

Boiling Point: Not applicable, aerosol

Flash Point: -156°F (Estimated) Auto-ignition Temperature: Not available

Evaporation Rate: Not applicable Decomposition Temperature: Not available

Flammability: Not applicable Viscosity (mm<sup>2</sup>/s @ 40°C): 20.6 min.

Section 10. Stability and Reactivity

Reactivity: No specific test data available on finished product.

Chemical Stability: The product is stable.

Possibility of Hazardous Reactions: Under normal conditions of storage and use hazardous reactions

will not occur.

Conditions to Avoid: Elevated temperatures. Heat and direct sunlight.

Incompatible Materials: Oxidizing agents.

Hazardous Decomposition Products: Thermal decomposition may produce carbon monoxide, oxides or

nitrogen and sulfur.

Section 11. Toxicological Information

Information on the likely routes of exposure: Dermal contact. Eye contact. Inhalation. Ingestion.

Potential Acute Health Effects

Inhalation: May produce anesthetic effects and feeling of euphoria.

Skin Contact: Not a skin irritant.

Eye Contact: May cause eye irritation.

Ingestion: Propellant is an aspiration hazard.

Symptoms Related to the Physical, Chemical and Toxicological Characteristics

Inhalation: Prolonged overexposure can cause rapid breathing, headache, dizziness, narcosis and

unconsciousness, depending on concentration and time of exposure.

Skin Contact: Not a skin irritant.

Eye Contact: May cause eye irritation.

Ingestion: Ingestion of propellant may cause pulmonary injury.

Potential Chronic Health Effects

Short Term Exposure

Potential immediate effects: Not available

**Long Term Exposure** 

Potential delayed effects: Not available General: Not available

Carcinogenicity: Ingredients not listed by ACGIH, IARC, NIOSH, NTP, or OSHA.

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Mutagenicity: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Teratogenicity: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Developmental Effects: Not available Fertility Effects: Not available

### Information on Toxicological Effects

**Acute Toxicity** 

Components:

Petroleum gases, liquefied, sweetened Not available

Respiratory or skin sensitization

Respiratory sensitization No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Skin sensitization No known significant effects or critical hazards.

<u>Carcinogenicity:</u> Not recognized as carcinogenic by Research Agencies (ACGIH, IARC, NTP, OSHA).

Mutagenicity: Not data available to indicate product or any components present at greater than 0.1% are

mutagenic or genotoxic.

Reproductive Toxicity: No data available to indicate product or any components present at greater than 0.1%

present reproductive hazards.

Specific target organ toxicity -

single exposure: Not classified as such

Aspiration hazard Propellant is an aspiration hazard.

# Section 12. Ecological Information

Toxicity Not expected to be harmful to the environment.

Components

Petroleum gases, liquefied, sweetened Not available

Persistence and Degradability: Ingredients are biodegradable.

Bioaccumulative Potential: Low bioaccumulation expected

Mobility in Soil: Not available

Other Adverse Effects: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

### Section 13. Disposal Considerations

Disposal Methods: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Avoid dispersal

of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Waste disposal should be in accordance with existing federal, state, and local regulations. Do not

reuse empty container.

# **Section 14. Transport Information**

UN Number: UN1950 Hazard Class: 2.1

UN Proper Shipping Name: Aerosol, flammable Packing Group: NA

(Limited Quantity)

Regulated under all modes of transportation as UN1950 in limited quantities. Consult the individual regulations, IATA via air,

IMDG via water and TDG for Canadian shipping information. NOT PACKAGED FOR AIR TRANSPORT.

Environmental Hazard: No

# Section 15. Regulatory Information

SARA 311/312: Fire hazard, pressure hazard and acute health hazard

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SARA Title III Section 313 EHS: None SARA Title III Section 313 Toxic: None

Section 16. Other Information

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