# **US - OSHA SAFETY DATA SHEET**



**Issue Date** 25-Nov-2014 **Revision Date** 04-Apr-2019 **Version** 3

# 1. IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE/PREPARATION AND OF THE COMPANY/UNDERTAKING

**Product identifier** 

Product Name Battery Electrolyte

Other means of identification

Product Code 853022 UN/ID No. UN2796 Synonyms Not available.

Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use

Recommended Use Used to activate dry batteries.
Uses Advised Against Any other not listed above

## Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

**Supplier Address** 

Yuasa Battery, Inc. 2901 Montrose Avenue Laureldale, PA 19605 United States

www.yuasabatteries.com

**Emergency telephone number** 

**Company Phone Number** (610) 929-5781 **24 Hour Emergency Phone Number** CHEMTREC:

Domestic (800) 424-9300 International 1(703) 527-3887

# 2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

## Classification

#### **Health Hazards**

Skin Corrosion/Irritation	Category 1 Sub-category A
Serious Eye Damage/Eye Irritation	Category 1

# **Physical Hazards**

Not classified.

# **OSHA Regulatory Status**

This product is considered hazardous by the 2012 OSHA Hazard Communication Standard/Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals (GHS); (29 CFR 1910.1200; Revision 3).

\_\_\_\_\_\_

### Label elements

#### **Emergency Overview**

## Danger

#### **Hazard Statements**

Fatal if inhaled.

Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.



Appearance Clear liquid.

Physical State Liquid.

**Odor** Pungent

## **Precautionary Statements - Prevention**

Wear protective gloves/clothing/eye protection/face protection.

Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray.

Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.

Wear respiratory protection

Wash face, hands and any exposed skin thoroughly after handling.

## **Precautionary Statements - Response**

Specific treatment is urgent.

Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor.

If in eyes: Řinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor.

Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/ shower

Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.

IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing.

Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor.

IF SWALLOWED: Rinse mouth. DO NOT induce vomiting.

#### **Precautionary Statements - Storage**

Store locked up.

Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.

## **Precautionary Statements - Disposal**

Dispose of contents/container to an approved waste disposal facility.

## Hazards not otherwise classified (HNOC)

Not available.

#### Other information

Not available.

# 3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

This product is considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200; Revision 3).

Chemical Name	CAS No.	Weight-%
Sulfuric acid	7664-93-9	36-45

<sup>\*</sup>Note: Non-hazardous chemical ingredients are not listed

# 4. FIRST AID MEASURES

First aid measures

Eye Contact In case of eye contact, immediately flush eyes with fresh water for at least 15 minutes while

holding the eyelids open. Remove contact lenses if worn. Get medical attention if irritation

persists. Immediate medical attention is required.

Skin Contact For minor skin contact, avoid spreading material on unaffected skin. In case of contact

with substance, immediately flush skin with running water for at least 20 minutes. Remove and isolate contaminated clothing and shoes. Immediate medical attention is not required.

**Inhalation** Immediately move exposed subject to fresh air. If not breathing, provide artificial respiration.

If breathing is difficult, administer oxygen. Seek medical attention immediately.

In case of accidental ingestion, wash out mouth with copious amounts of water. Seek

medical attention immediately. Do not induce vomiting unless directed by medical

personnel. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

**Self-Protection of the First Aider** Do not use mouth-to-mouth methods if victim ingested or inhaled the substance; give

artificial respiration with the aid of a pocket mask equipped with a one-way valve or another

proper respiratory medical device.

Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Symptoms Inhalation: Corrosive. Burning sensation. Sore throat. Cough. Labored breathing. Shortness

of breath. Symptoms may be delayed. Skin: Corrosive. Redness. Pain. Blisters. Serious

skin burns. Eyes: Corrosive. Redness. Pain. Severe deep burns.

Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Note to Physicians Treat symptomatically.

## 5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

# Suitable extinguishing media

Use extinguishing measures that are appropriate to local circumstances and the surrounding environment.

Small Fire Dry chemical, CO<sub>2</sub>, or water spray.

Large Fire Dry chemical or CO<sub>2</sub>, alcohol - resistant foam or water spray.

**Unsuitable Extinguishing Media** Any not listed above.

Specific hazards arising from the chemical

Hazardous decomposition products formed: Sulfur oxides (SOx).

produce corrosive fumes.

**Explosion data** 

Sensitivity to Mechanical Impact None known. Sensitivity to Static Discharge None known.

### Protective equipment and precautions for firefighters

Wear positive pressure self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA). Structural firefighters' protective clothing provides limited protection in fire situations ONLY; it is not effective in spill situations where direct contact with the substance is possible. Wear chemical protective clothing that is specifically recommended by the manufacturer. It may provide little or no thermal protection. As an immediate precautionary measure, isolate spill or leak area for at least 50 meters (150 feet) in all directions.

Keep out of low areas. Keep unauthorized personnel away. Stay upwind.

## 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

## Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Personal Precautions Ventilate enclosed areas. Do not touch damaged containers or spilled material unless

wearing appropriate protective clothing.

Other information Non-emergency personnel should utilize chemical gloves.

For emergency responders Eliminate all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks or flames in immediate area) as an

immediate precautionary measure, isolate spill or leak area for at least 50 meters (150 feet) in all directions. Keep unauthorized personnel away. Stay upwind. Keep out of low areas. Do not get water inside container. Personal protective equipment: Wear chemical gloves,

goggles, acid resistant clothing and boots, respirator if insufficient ventilation.

**Environmental precautions** 

**Environmental Precautions** Prevent entry into waterways, sewers, basements or confined areas. See Section 12 for

additional ecological information.

Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Methods for Containment

Stop leak if you can do it without risk. Absorb with earth sand or other non-combustible

material. Do not allow discharge of non-neutralized acid to sewer. Cautiously neutralize

spilled liquid.

**Methods for Cleaning Up**Dispose of in accordance with local, state, and national regulations.

## 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

### Precautions for safe handling

Advice on Safe Handling Handle and open container with care. Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Use only with

adequate ventilation. Use caution when combining with water; DO NOT add water to corrosive liquid, ALWAYS add corrosive liquid to water while stirring to prevent release of heat, steam and fumes. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Wash thoroughly with soap and water after handling and before eating, drinking, or using tobacco. Eyewash stations and safety showers should be provided with unlimited water supply. Handle in

accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice.

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Storage Conditions Keep away from incompatible materials. Store locked up. Keep container/package tightly

closed in a cool, well-ventilated place. Ventilate enclosed areas. Storage class: Class 8B: Non-flammable corrosive materials.

**Incompatible materials**Bases, halides, organic materials, carbides, fulminates, nitrates, picrates, cyanides,

chlorates, alkali halides, zinc salts, permanganates, e.g. potassium permanganate,

hydrogen peroxide, azides, perchlorates, nitromethane, phosphorous; Reacts violently with:

cyclopentadiene, cyclopentanone oxime, nitroaryl amines, hexalithium disilicide,

phosphorous(iii) oxide, powdered metals.

## 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

**Control parameters** 

**Exposure Guidelines**This product, as supplied, contains the following hazardous materials with occupational

exposure limits established by the region-specific regulatory bodies.

Chemical Name	ACGIH TLV	OSHA PEL	NIOSH IDLH
Sulfuric acid	TWA: 0.2 mg/m <sup>3</sup> thoracic	TWA: 1 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	IDLH: 15 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
7664-93-9	particulate matter	(vacated) TWA: 1 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	TWA: 1 mg/m <sup>3</sup>

#### Appropriate engineering controls

Engineering Controls

The health hazard risks of handling this material are dependent on factors, such as physical

form and quantity. Site-specific risk assessments should be conducted to determine the appropriate exposure control measures. Good general ventilation should be used. Ventilation rates should be matched to conditions. If applicable, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation, or other engineering controls to maintain airborne levels below recommended exposure limits. If exposure limits have not been established, maintain

airborne levels as low as reasonably achievable.

## Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

**Eye/Face Protection** Wear appropriate chemical safety goggles safety glasses, or face shield as described by

OSHA eye and face protection regulations in 29 CFR 1910.133 at all times while handling

this product. Have eyewash stations available where eye contact can occur.

**Skin and Body Protection** Wear protective gloves with elbow length gauntlet. Wear synthetic apron. Under severe

exposure or emergency conditions, wear acid-resistant clothing and boots.

Respiratory Protection Where risk assessment shows air-purifying respirators are appropriate use a full-face

respirator with multipurpose combination (US) or type ABEK (EN 14387) respirator cartridges as a backup to engineering controls. If the respirator is the sole means of protection, use a full-face supplied air respirator. Use respirators and components tested and approved under appropriate government standards such as NIOSH (US) or CEN (EU).

**General Hygiene Considerations** 

Always observe good personal hygiene measures, such as washing after handling the material and before eating, drinking, and/or smoking. Routinely wash work clothing and

Odor

Pungent

protective equipment.

# 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

### Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical State Liquid.
Appearance Clear liquid.

ColorClear.Odor ThresholdNot available.

<u>Property</u> <u>Values</u> <u>Remarks</u>

pH Not available.

Melting Point/Freezing Point Not available.

Boiling Point/Boiling Range 95 °C - 95.5556 °C

Flash Point Not available.
Evaporation Rate Not available.
Flammability (solid, gas) Not available.

Flammability Limit in Air

Upper Flammability Limit:Not available.Lower Flammability Limit:Not available.Vapor Pressure10 mmHg

Vapor Density 1

Specific Gravity

Water Solubility

Solubility in Other Solvents

Partition Coefficient

Autoignition Temperature

Decomposition Temperature

1.215-1.35

Soluble in water.

Not available.

Not available.

Not available.

Kinematic ViscosityNot available.Dynamic ViscosityNot available.Explosive PropertiesNot available.Oxidizing PropertiesNot available.

Other information

Softening Point
Molecular Weight
VOC Content (%)
Not available.
Not available.

**Density** 10.1392-11.2658 lbs/gal

Bulk Density Not available.

## 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

#### Reactivity

Reacts with a number of compounds.

#### **Chemical stability**

Stable under normal conditions.

## Possibility of hazardous reactions

None under normal processing.

**Hazardous Polymerization** Hazardous polymerization does not occur.

### Conditions to avoid

Contact with organic materials, combustibles, strong reducing agents, metals, strong oxidizers, water.

#### Incompatible materials

Bases, halides, organic materials, carbides, fulminates, nitrates, picrates, cyanides, chlorates, alkali halides, zinc salts, permanganates, e.g. potassium permanganate, hydrogen peroxide, azides, perchlorates, nitromethane, phosphorous; Reacts violently with: cyclopentadiene, cyclopentanone oxime, nitroaryl amines, hexalithium disilicide, phosphorous(iii) oxide, powdered metals.

# Hazardous decomposition products

Sulfur oxides (SOx).

## 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

## **Product Information**

Acute Toxicity

This product is not classified under Acute Toxicity (Inhalation) as this does not apply for

liquid forms of sulfuric acid or sulfuric acid solutions contained within a battery.

Chemical Name	Oral LD50	Dermal LD50	Inhalation LC50	Intravenous LD50
Sulfuric acid	= 2140 mg/kg (Rat)	-	85 - 103 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (Rat) 1 h	-
7664-93-9				

### Information on toxicological effects

**Symptoms** Inhalation: Corrosive. Burning sensation. Sore throat. Cough. Labored breathing. Shortness

of breath. Symptoms may be delayed. Skin: Corrosive. Redness. Pain. Blisters. Serious

skin burns. Eyes: Corrosive. Redness. Pain. Severe deep burns.

## Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short- and long-term exposure

**Skin Corrosion/Irritation** Causes severe burns to skin.

Serious Eye Damage/Eye Irritation Corrosive to eyes.

\_\_\_\_\_

**Sensitization** No data available.

Germ Cell Mutagenicity Sulfuric acid has been shown to be without effect in the Ames test using various strains of

S. typhimurium (pH 4 to 9) and E. coli (0.002 to 0.005%), both with and without S9. It has been shown to cause chromosomal aberrations in CHO cells (pH 3.5 to 7.4, both with and

without S9), and in a non-standard assay in developing sea urchin embryos.

Carcinogenicity The International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC) has classified "strong inorganic

acid mist containing sulfuric acid" as a Category 1 carcinogen, a substance that is carcinogenic to humans. This classification does not apply to liquid forms of sulfuric acid or sulfuric acid solutions contained within a battery. Batteries subjected to abusive charging at excessively high currents for prolonged periods without vent caps in place may create a surrounding atmosphere of the offensive strong inorganic acid mist

containing sulfuric acid.

Chemical Name	ACGIH	IARC	NTP	OSHA
Sulfuric acid	A2	Group 1		X
7664-93-9		·		

Reproductive Toxicity In a developmental toxicity study conducted under a method similar to OECD test Guideline

414, no significant effects on mean numbers of implants/dam, live fetuses/litter or

resorptions/litter were observed in mice and rabbits exposed by inhalation to sulfuric acid

aerosol at 5 and 20 mg/cu m during gestation...

**Developmental Toxicity** No data available.

STOT - Single Exposure Not classified.

STOT - Repeated Exposure Not classified.

**Aspiration Hazard** Not applicable.

## 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

## **Ecotoxicity**

Ī	Chemical Name	Algae/aquatic plants	Fish	Toxicity to microorganisms	Crustacea
	Sulfuric acid 7664-93-9		500: 96 h Brachydanio rerio mg/L LC50 static		29: 24 h Daphnia magna mg/L EC50

## Persistence and degradability

Not available.

#### Bioaccumulation

Not available.

#### Mobility

Not available.

## Other adverse effects

Not available.

# 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

# Waste treatment methods

Disposal of Wastes

Disposal should be in accordance with applicable regional, national and local laws and

regulations.

Contaminated Packaging Disposal should be in accordance with applicable regional, national and local laws and

regulations.

US EPA Waste Number Not available.

California Hazardous Waste Codes Not available.

This product contains the following substances that are listed with the State of California as a hazardous waste.

Chemical Name	California Hazardous Waste Status
Sulfuric acid	Toxic
7664-93-9	Corrosive

## 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

DOT

**UN/ID No.** UN2796

Proper shipping name Battery fluid, acid

Hazard Class 8
Subsidiary class 8
Packing Group ||

**Special Provisions** A3, A7, B2, B15, IB2, N6, N34, T8, TP2, 154

Passenger aircraft/rail: 1.00 L Cargo aircraft/rail: 30.00 L

**TDG** 

**UN/ID No.** UN2796

Proper shipping name Battery fluid, acid

Hazard Class 8
Subsidiary class 8
Packing Group ||

**Special Provisions** 

Explosive Limit and Limited Quantity Index: 1.00

Passenger Carrying Road Vehicle or Passenger Carrying Railway Vehicle Index: 1.00

MEX Not regulated.

ICAO (air)

UN/ID No. UN2796

Proper shipping name Battery fluid, acid

Hazard Class 8
Packing Group || Special Provisions -

<u>IATA</u>

**UN/ID No.** UN2796

Proper shipping name Battery fluid, acid

Hazard Class 8
Packing Group || Special Provisions -

**IMDG** 

UN/ID No. UN2796

Proper shipping name Battery fluid, acid

Hazard Class 8
Packing Group II
Special Provisions Marine pollutant No

RID .

\_\_\_\_\_

UN/ID No. UN2796

Proper shipping name Battery fluid, acid

Hazard Class8Packing GroupIIClassification codeC1Special Provisions-Labels8

<u>ADR</u>

**UN/ID No.** UN2796

Proper shipping name Battery fluid, acid

Hazard Class 8
Packing Group II
Classification code C1
Special Provisions Labels 8

ADN Not regulated.

## 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

## **US Federal Regulations**

## **SARA 313**

Section 313 of Title III of the Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 (SARA). This product contains a chemical or chemicals which are subject to the reporting requirements of the Act and Title 40 of the Code of Federal Regulations, Part 372

Chemical Name	CAS No.	Weight-%	SARA 313 - Threshold Values %
Sulfuric acid - 7664-93-9	7664-93-9	36-45	1.0

## SARA 311/312 Hazard Categories

Acute Health HazardNoChronic Health HazardNoFire HazardNoSudden Release of Pressure HazardNoReactive HazardNo

## **CWA (Clean Water Act)**

This product contains the following substances which are regulated pollutants pursuant to the Clean Water Act (40 CFR 122.21 and 40 CFR 122.42)

Chemical Name	CWA - Reportable Quantities	CWA - Toxic Pollutants	CWA - Priority Pollutants	CWA - Hazardous Substances
Sulfuric acid 7664-93-9	1000 lb			Χ

#### CERCLA

This material, as supplied, contains the following substances regulated as a hazardous substance under the Comprehensive Environmental Response Compensation and Liability Act (CERCLA) (40 CFR 302)

Chemic	al Name	Hazardous Substances RQs	CERCLA/SARA RQ	Reportable Quantity (RQ)
	ic acid I-93-9	1000 lb	1000 lb	RQ 1000 lb final RQ RQ 454 kg final RQ

## **U.S. State Regulations**

# California Proposition 65

This product does not contain any Proposition 65 chemicals.

Revision Date 04-Apr-2019

### U.S. State Right-to-Know Regulations

This product may contain substances regulated by state right-to-know regulations.

Chemical Name	New Jersey	Massachusetts	Pennsylvania
Sulfuric acid	X	X	X
7664-93-9			

## **U.S. EPA Label Information**

EPA Pesticide Registration Number Not applicable.

## **16. OTHER INFORMATION**

Prepared By IES Engineers Issue Date 25-Nov-2014 Revision Date 04-Apr-2019

Revision Note Changes in Section 3 and 15

#### Disclaimer

The information contained herein is based on data considered accurate. However, no warranty is expressed or implied regarding the accuracy of this data or the results to be obtained from the use thereof. Yuasa, Inc. assumes no responsibility for injury to the vendee or third persons proximately caused by the material if reasonable safety procedures are not adhered to as stipulated in the data sheet. Additionally, Yuasa, Inc. assumes no responsibility for injury to vendee or third persons proximately caused by abnormal use of the material even if reasonable safety procedures are followed. Furthermore, vendee assumes the risk in his use of the material.

**End of Safety Data Sheet** 

# **US - OSHA SAFETY DATA SHEET**



Issue Date13-Feb-2014Revision Date10-Jul-2018Version2

## 1. IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE/PREPARATION AND OF THE COMPANY/UNDERTAKING

**Product identifier** 

Product Name Dry Charge Battery

Other means of identification

**Product Code** 853021 **Synonyms** Not available.

Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use

Recommended Use Power sport batteries.
Uses Advised Against Any other not listed above

## Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Supplier Address Yuasa Battery, Inc. 2901 Montrose Avenue Laureldale, PA 19605 United States

www.yuasabatteries.com

Emergency telephone number

**Company Phone Number** (610) 929-5781 **24 Hour Emergency Phone Number** CHEMTREC

Domestic (800) 424-9300 International 1(703) 527-3887

# 2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

## Classification

**Health Hazards** 

Not classified.

**Physical Hazards** 

Not classified.

## **OSHA Regulatory Status**

Material is an article. No health effects are expected related to normal use of this product as sold. Hazardous exposure can occur only when the product is heated, oxidized or otherwise processed or damaged to create lead dust, vapor or fume. Refer to the Material Safety Data Sheet for Lead Acid Battery when battery is filled with electrolyte/battery acid.

## **Label elements**

	Emergency Overview					
Appearance	Not available.	Physical State	Solid.	Odor	Odorless.	

## **Hazards not otherwise classified (HNOC)**

Not available.

## Other information

Not available.

# 3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Common nameDry Charge Battery.SynonymsNot available.

Chemical Name	CAS No.	Weight-%
Powdered Lead	7439-92-1	90
Tin	7440-31-5	0.006
Antimony	7440-36-0	0.2
Arsenic	7440-38-2	0.003
Calcium	7440-70-2	0.002

<sup>\*</sup>Note: Non-hazardous chemical ingredients are not listed

## 4. FIRST AID MEASURES

## First aid measures

Eye Contact First aid is not expected to be necessary if material is used under ordinary conditions and

as recommended. If contact with material occurs flush eyes with water. If signs/symptoms

develop, get medical attention.

**Skin Contact** First aid is not expected to be necessary if material is used under ordinary conditions and

as recommended. Wash skin with soap and water. If signs/symptoms develop, get medical

attention.

**Inhalation** First aid is not expected to be necessary if material is used under ordinary conditions and

as recommended. If signs/symptoms develop, move person to fresh air.

**Ingestion** First aid is not expected to be necessary if material is used under ordinary conditions and

as recommended. If ingested consult physician immediately.

**Self-Protection of the First Aider**Do not use mouth-to-mouth methods if victim ingested or inhaled the substance; give

artificial respiration with the aid of a pocket mask equipped with a one-way valve or another

proper respiratory medical device.

# Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

**Symptoms** Symptoms of lead toxicity include headache, fatigue, abdominal pain, loss of appetite,

muscular aches and weakness, sleep disturbances and irritability. Lead absorption may cause nausea, weight loss, abdominal spasms, and pain in arms, legs and joints. Effects of chronic lead exposure may include central nervous system (CNS) damage, kidney dysfunction, anemia, neuropathy particularly of the motor nerves with wrist drop, and

potential reproductive effects.

# Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Note to Physicians Treat symptomatically.

## 5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

# Suitable extinguishing media

CO<sub>2</sub>, dry chemical or foam.

Unsuitable Extinguishing Media Avoid using water.

Specific hazards arising from the chemical

•

Hazardous Combustion Products Lead portion of battery will likely produce toxic metal fume, vapor or dust.

**Explosion data** 

Sensitivity to Mechanical Impact None known.
Sensitivity to Static Discharge None known.

#### Protective equipment and precautions for firefighters

Keep sparks or other sources of ignition away from batteries. Do not allow metallic materials to simultaneously contact negative and positive terminals of cells and batteries. Wear positive pressure self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA). Structural firefighters' protective clothing will only provide limited protection.

## 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

## Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Personal Precautions 
No special precautions expected to be necessary if material is used under ordinary

conditions and as recommended. Avoid contact of lead with skin.

Other information Non-emergency personnel should utilize chemical gloves.

For emergency responders

No emergency procedures are expected to be necessary if material is used under ordinary

conditions as recommended. Use normal clean- up procedures.

Personal protective equipment: Wear chemical gloves, goggles, acid resistant clothing and

boots, respirator if insufficient ventilation.

**Environmental precautions** 

**Environmental Precautions** Prevent entry into waterways, sewers, basements or confined areas. Runoff from fire

control and dilution water may be toxic and corrosive and may cause adverse environmental impacts. See Section 12 for additional ecological information.

#### Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Methods for Containment Lead dust should be vacuumed or wet swept into a D.O.T. approved container. Use

controls that minimize fugitive emissions. Do not use compressed air.

**Methods for Cleaning Up**Dispose of in accordance with local, state, and national regulations.

## 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

## Precautions for safe handling

Advice on Safe Handling Handle batteries cautiously. Do not tip to avoid spills (if filled with electrolyte). Avoid contact

with internal components. Wear protective clothing when filling or handling batteries. Follow manufacturer's instructions for installation and service. Do not allow conductive material to touch the battery terminals. Short circuit may occur and cause battery failure and fire. Wash thoroughly with soap and water after handling and before eating, drinking, or using tobacco. Eyewash stations and safety showers should be provided with unlimited water supply. Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice.

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Storage Conditions Avoid contact with strong bases, acids, combustible organic materials, halides,

batteries on an impervious surface.

halogenates, potassium nitrate, permanganate, peroxides, nascent hydrogen, reducing agents and water. Technical measures and storage conditions: Store in a cool/low-temperature, well-ventilated place away from heat and ignition sources. Batteries should be stored under roof for protection against adverse weather conditions. Place cardboard between layers of stacked batteries to avoid damage and short circuits. Store

Storage class: Class 13: Non-flammable solids in non-flammable package.

Incompatible materials

Avoid contact with strong bases, acids, combustible organic materials, halides, halogenates, potassium nitrate, permanganate, peroxides, nascent hydrogen, reducing agents and water.

## 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

#### **Control parameters**

**Exposure Guidelines** 

This product, as supplied, contains the following hazardous materials with occupational exposure limits established by the region-specific regulatory bodies.

Chemical Name	ACGIH TLV	OSHA PEL	NIOSH IDLH
Powdered Lead	TWA: 0.05 mg/m <sup>3</sup> TWA: 0.05	TWA: 50 μg/m³ TWA: 50 μg/m³	IDLH: 100 mg/m <sup>3</sup> IDLH: 100
7439-92-1	mg/m³ Pb	Pb	mg/m³ Pb
			TWA: 0.050 mg/m <sup>3</sup> TWA: 0.050
			mg/m³ Pb
Tin	TWA: 2 mg/m <sup>3</sup> TWA: 2 mg/m <sup>3</sup> Sn	TWA: 2 mg/m <sup>3</sup> Sn except	IDLH: 100 mg/m <sup>3</sup> IDLH: 100
7440-31-5	except Tin hydride	oxides	mg/m³ Sn
		(vacated) TWA: 2 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	TWA: 2 mg/m <sup>3</sup> TWA: 2 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
		(vacated) TWA: 2 mg/m <sup>3</sup> Sn	except Tin oxides Sn
		except oxides	
Antimony	TWA: 0.5 mg/m <sup>3</sup> TWA: 0.5 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	TWA: 0.5 mg/m <sup>3</sup> TWA: 0.5 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	IDLH: 50 mg/m <sup>3</sup> IDLH: 50 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
7440-36-0	Sb	Sb	Sb
		(vacated) TWA: 0.5 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	TWA: 0.5 mg/m <sup>3</sup> TWA: 0.5 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
		(vacated) TWA: 0.5 mg/m <sup>3</sup> Sb	Sb
Arsenic	TWA: 0.01 mg/m <sup>3</sup> TWA: 0.01	TWA: 10 μg/m³ As	IDLH: 5 mg/m <sup>3</sup> IDLH: 5 mg/m <sup>3</sup> As
7440-38-2	mg/m³ As	(vacated) TWA: 0.5 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Ceiling: 0.002 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 min
			Ceiling: 0.002 mg/m <sup>3</sup> As 15 min

#### **Appropriate engineering controls**

**Engineering Controls** 

The health hazard risks of handling this material are dependent on factors, such as physical form and quantity. Site-specific risk assessments should be conducted to determine the appropriate exposure control measures. Good general ventilation should be used. Ventilation rates should be matched to conditions. If applicable, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation, or other engineering controls to maintain airborne levels below recommended exposure limits. If exposure limits have not been established, maintain airborne levels as low as reasonably achievable.

#### Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

Eye/Face Protection In laboratory, medical or industrial settings, safety glasses with side shields are highly

recommended. The use of goggles or full face protection may be required depending on the industrial exposure setting. Contact a health and safety professional for specific information.

**Skin and Body Protection** Wear appropriate gloves. No skin protection is ordinarily required under normal conditions

of use. In accordance with industrial hygiene practices, if contact with leaking battery is expected precautions should be taken to avoid skin contact. Under severe exposure or

emergency conditions, wear acid-resistant clothing and boots.

**Respiratory Protection** In case of insufficient ventilation, wear suitable respiratory equipment.

General Hygiene Considerations Always observe good personal hygiene measures, such as washing after handling the

\_\_\_\_\_

material and before eating, drinking, and/or smoking. Routinely wash work clothing and protective equipment.

## 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

## Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical State Solid.

AppearanceNot available.OdorOdorless.ColorBluish gray metalOdor ThresholdNo Data

<u>Property</u> <u>Values</u> <u>Remarks</u>

pH Not available.

Melting Point/Freezing Point 252.2222 °C - 360 °C

Boiling Point/Boiling Range
Flash Point
Evaporation Rate
Flammability (solid, gas)

1380 °C
Not available.
Not available.
Not available.

Flammability Limit in Air

**Upper Flammability Limit:** Not available. **Lower Flammability Limit:** Not available. **Vapor Pressure** Not available. **Vapor Density** Not available. **Specific Gravity** 9.6-11.3 **Water Solubility** Not available. Solubility in Other Solvents Not available. **Partition Coefficient** Not available. **Autoignition Temperature** Not available. **Decomposition Temperature** Not available. Kinematic Viscosity No Data **Dynamic Viscosity** Not available. **Explosive Properties** Not available. **Oxidizing Properties** Not available.

Other information

Softening Point
Molecular Weight
VOC Content (%)
Not available.
Not available.
Not available.

**Density** 599.3267-705.4575 lbs/ft<sup>3</sup>

Bulk Density Not available.

# 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

#### Reactivity

Not reactive.

#### Chemical stability

Stable under normal conditions.

## Possibility of hazardous reactions

None under normal processing.

**Hazardous Polymerization** Hazardous polymerization does not occur.

#### Conditions to avoid

Prolonged overcharge, sources of ignition.

## **Incompatible materials**

Avoid contact with strong bases, acids, combustible organic materials, halides, halogenates, potassium nitrate, permanganate, peroxides, nascent hydrogen, reducing agents and water.

### **Hazardous decomposition products**

Lead compounds exposed to high temperatures will likely produce toxic metal fume, vapor or dust; contact with strong acid/base or presence of nascent hydrogen may generate highly toxic arsine gas.

# 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

#### **Product Information**

## **Acute Toxicity**

Chemical Name	Oral LD50	Dermal LD50	Inhalation LC50	Intravenous LD50
Tin	= 700 mg/kg (Rat)	-	-	-
7440-31-5				
Antimony	= 7 g/kg (Rat)	-	-	-
7440-36-0				
Arsenic	= 15 mg/kg (Rat) = 763	-	-	-
7440-38-2	mg/kg (Rat)			

#### Information on toxicological effects

**Symptoms** 

Symptoms of lead toxicity include headache, fatigue, abdominal pain, loss of appetite, muscular aches and weakness, sleep disturbances and irritability. Lead absorption may cause nausea, weight loss, abdominal spasms, and pain in arms, legs and joints. Effects of chronic lead exposure may include central nervous system (CNS) damage, kidney dysfunction, anemia, neuropathy particularly of the motor nerves with wrist drop, and potential reproductive effects.

## Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short- and long-term exposure

Serious Eye Damage/Eye Irritation No data available.

**Sensitization** No data available.

Germ Cell Mutagenicity Lead: The evidence for genotoxic effects of highly soluble inorganic lead compounds is

contradictory, with numerous studies reporting both positive and negative effects. Responses appear to be induced by indirect mechanisms, mostly at very high

concentrations that lack physiological relevance.

**Carcinogenicity**Lead: There is evidence that soluble lead compounds may have a carcinogenic effect,

particularly on the kidneys of rats. However, the mechanisms by which this effect occurs are still unclear. Epidemiology studies of workers exposed to inorganic lead compounds have found a limited association with stomach cancer. This has led to the classification by IARC that inorganic lead compounds are probably carcinogenic to humans (Group 2A). **Arsenic**: An increased lung cancer mortality was observed in multiple human populations exposed to arsenic primarily through inhalation. Also, increased mortality from multiple internal organ cancers (liver, kidney, lung, and bladder) and an increased incidence of skin cancer were observed in populations consuming drinking water high in inorganic arsenic.

Chemical Name	ACGIH	IARC	NTP	OSHA
Powdered Lead 7439-92-1	A3	Group 2A	Reasonably Anticipated	X
Arsenic 7440-38-2	A1	Group 1	Known	Х

# **Reproductive Toxicity**

**Lead**: Pregnancy exposure to lead might cause miscarriage or premature birth, but reports on these effects are old and might have involved higher lead exposures than are currently encountered. Maternal blood lead concentrations above 30 mcg/dL can be associated with detectable abnormalities in cognitive/behavioral testing in infants.

**Teratogenicity**Lead is a teratogen. Overexposure of lead by either parent before pregnancy may

increase the chances of miscarriage or birth defects.

STOT - Single Exposure Not classified.

STOT - Repeated Exposure Not classified.

Chronic Toxicity Lead: Lead is a cumulative poison. Increasing amounts of lead can build up in the body and

may reach a point where symptoms and disabilities occur. Continuous exposure may

result in decreased fertility.

**Antimony**: Chronic effects due to antimony are alterations of the ECG, especially T-wave abnormalities, myocardial changes, pneumoconiosis, but also pneumonitis, tracheitis, laryngitis, bronchitis, pustular skin eruptions called antimony spots, and contact allergy to

the metal.

Target Organ Effects Lead is a cumulative poison and may be absorbed into the body through ingestion or

inhalation. Inorganic lead compounds have been documented in observational human studies to produce toxicity in multiple organ systems and body function including the hematopoietic (blood) system, kidney function, reproductive function and the central nervous system. Postnatal exposure to lead compounds is associated with impacts on

neurobehavioral development in children.

**Aspiration Hazard** Due to the physical form of the product, it is not an aspiration hazard.

## 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

#### **Ecotoxicity**

Chemical Name	Algae/aquatic plants	Fish	Toxicity to	Crustacea
			microorganisms	
Powdered Lead		1.17: 96 h Oncorhynchus		600: 48 h water flea µg/L
7439-92-1		mykiss mg/L LC50		EC50
		flow-through 0.44: 96 h		
		Cyprinus carpio mg/L LC50		
		semi-static 1.32: 96 h		
		Oncorhynchus mykiss mg/L		
		LC50 static		

### Persistence and degradability

Lead is persistent in soils and sediments.

## **Bioaccumulation**

Not available.

#### Mobility

Not available.

### Other adverse effects

Not available.

## 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

#### Waste treatment methods

Disposal of Wastes

Disposal should be in accordance with applicable regional, national and local laws and

regulations.

Contaminated Packaging Disposal should be in accordance with applicable regional, national and local laws and

regulations.

US EPA Waste Number Not available.

Chemical Name	RCRA	RCRA - Basis for Listing	RCRA - D Series Wastes	RCRA - U Series Wastes
Powdered Lead		Included in waste streams:	5.0 mg/L regulatory level	
7439-92-1		F035, F037, F038, F039,		
		K002, K003, K005, K046,		
		K048, K049, K051, K052,		
		K061, K062, K069, K086,		
		K100, K176		
Antimony		Included in waste streams:		
7440-36-0		F039, K021, K161, K177		
Arsenic		Included in waste streams:	5.0 mg/L regulatory level	
7440-38-2		F032, F034, F035, F039,		
		K031, K060, K084, K101,		
		K102, K161, K171, K172,		
		K176		

Chemical Name	RCRA - Halogenated Organic Compounds	RCRA - P Series Wastes	RCRA - F Series Wastes	RCRA - K Series Wastes
Antimony				Toxic waste
7440-36-0				waste number K021
				Waste description: Aqueous
				spent antimony catalyst
				waste from fluoromethanes
				production.

#### California Hazardous Waste Codes Not available.

This product contains the following substances that are listed with the State of California as a hazardous waste.

Chemical Name	California Hazardous Waste Status
Powdered Lead	Toxic
7439-92-1	
Antimony	Toxic
7440-36-0	

# **14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION**

**Note:** This product is not regulated for domestic transport by land, air or rail. Under 49 CFR 171.8,

individual packages that contain lead metal (<100 micrometers) below the reportable quantity (RQ) are not regulated. Under 49 CFR 171.4, except when transporting aboard a vessel, the requirements of this subchapter specific to marine pollutants do not apply to

non-bulk packaging transported by motor vehicles, rail cars and aircrafts.

**DOT**This product is not hazardous as defined by 49CFR 172.101 by the U.S. Department of

Transportation.

This product is not classified as dangerous goods by the TDG standards UN-

MEX Not regulated.

ICAO (air)

This product is not classified as dangerous goods by the International Air Transport

Association (IATA) or the ICAO.

**IATA** This product is not classified as dangerous goods by the International Air Transport

Association (IATA) or the ICAO.

IMDG This product is not classified as dangerous goods by the IMO.

RID This product is not classified by the United Nations Economic Commission for Europe to be

dangerous goods.

ADR This product is not classified by the United Nations Economic Commission for Europe to be

dangerous goods.

**ADN** 

Not regulated.

# 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

# **U.S. Federal Regulations**

#### **SARA 313**

Section 313 of Title III of the Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 (SARA). This product contains a chemical or chemicals which are subject to the reporting requirements of the Act and Title 40 of the Code of Federal Regulations, Part 372

Chemical Name	CAS No.	Weight-%	SARA 313 - Threshold Values %
Powdered Lead - 7439-92-1	7439-92-1	90	0.1
Antimony - 7440-36-0	7440-36-0	0.2	1.0
Arsenic - 7440-38-2	7440-38-2	0.003	0.1

### SARA 311/312 Hazard Categories

Acute Health Hazard	No
Chronic Health Hazard	No
Fire Hazard	No
Sudden Release of Pressure Hazard	No
Reactive Hazard	No

# **CWA (Clean Water Act)**

This product contains the following substances which are regulated pollutants pursuant to the Clean Water Act (40 CFR 122.21 and 40 CFR 122.42).

Chemical Name	CWA - Reportable Quantities	CWA - Toxic Pollutants	CWA - Priority Pollutants	CWA - Hazardous Substances
Powdered Lead 7439-92-1		X	X	
Antimony 7440-36-0		X	Х	
Arsenic 7440-38-2		Х	Х	

## **CERCLA**

This material, as supplied, contains the following substances regulated as a hazardous substance under the Comprehensive Environmental Response Compensation and Liability Act (CERCLA) (40 CFR 302).

Chemical Name	Hazardous Substances RQs	CERCLA/SARA RQ	Reportable Quantity (RQ)
Powdered Lead	10 lb		RQ 10 lb final RQ
7439-92-1			RQ 4.54 kg final RQ
Antimony	5000 lb 10 lb		RQ 5000 lb final RQ
7440-36-0			RQ 2270 kg final RQ RQ 10 lb final
			RQ
			RQ 4.54 kg final RQ
Arsenic	1 lb		RQ 1 lb final RQ
7440-38-2			RQ 0.454 kg final RQ

# **U.S. State Regulations**

## **California Proposition 65**

Proposition 65: Warning: Battery posts, terminals and related accessories contain lead and lead compounds, chemicals known to the State of California to cause cancer and reproductive harm. Batteries also contain other chemicals known to the State of California to cause cancer. Wash hands after handling.

Chemical Name	California Proposition 65	
Powdered Lead - 7439-92-1	Carcinogen	
	Developmental	
	Female Reproductive	
	Male Reproductive	

\_\_\_\_\_

### **U.S. State Right-to-Know Regulations**

This product contains the following substances regulated by state right-to-know regulations.

Chemical Name	New Jersey	Massachusetts	Pennsylvania
Powdered Lead 7439-92-1	X	X	X
Tin 7440-31-5	Χ	X	Х
Antimony 7440-36-0	Х	X	Х
Arsenic 7440-38-2	Х	X	Х
Calcium 7440-70-2	Х	X	Х

## **U.S. EPA Label Information**

**EPA Pesticide Registration Number** Not applicable.

# **16. OTHER INFORMATION**

Prepared ByIES EngineersIssue Date13-Feb-2014Revision Date10-Jul-2018

**Revision Note** Changes in Section 3, 10 and 11.

## **Disclaimer**

The information contained herein is based on data considered accurate. However, no warranty is expressed or implied regarding the accuracy of this data or the results to be obtained from the use thereof. Yuasa, Inc. assumes no responsibility for injury to the vendee or third persons proximately caused by the material if reasonable safety procedures are not adhered to as stipulated in the data sheet. Additionally, Yuasa, Inc. assumes no responsibility for injury to vendee or third persons proximately caused by abnormal use of the material even if reasonable safety procedures are followed. Furthermore, vendee assumes the risk in his use of the material.

**End of Safety Data Sheet**